

#### NTSE - Nano Technology Science Education

Project No: 511787-LLP-1-2010-1-TR-KA3-KA3MP



## **Questionnaire for Teachers**

This questionnaire is aimed at gathering the opinions of the virtual lab beneficiaries concerning several different aspects of their activity / preferences in order to better define the features the Virtual Lab should have in terms of ICT, scientific contents and educational methodology.

	ersonal da ne:	ta 					
2. Cou	ıntry:				_		
3. Gen	nder: Male Fer	male					
4. Yea	rs of teaching	g experience:					
5. Sub	ject(s) taught	t:					
6. Typ	e of current s	school: upper seconda	ary low	ver secondary			
7. Exp	oerience in us	ing on-line resources	for teaching a	and learning:			
	not at all	little average	much	very much			
II. C	ontent & P	edagogic Approac	ch & Tools				
 		ess applications or futur					
t n	o the connecti nodern anti-co	ctracurricular subjects vons between science and orrosive coatings, biotectiferent topics in science	nd business ap chnological ins	plications, such as ele	ectronics, ene	rgy sourc	es/fuels,
					Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree
a.	-	uments and how they v	vork				
b.	The use of la	asers					

C.	How CDs and DVDs store and play sound and image			
d.	Organic and ecological farming without use of pesticides and artificial			
	fertilizers			
e.	How radios and TVs work			
f.	How mobile phones can send and receive messages			
g.	Life and death and human soul			
h.	Why we can see the rainbow			
i.	The ozone layer and how it may be affected by humans			
j.	How technology helps us to handle waste, garbage and sewage			
k.	How energy can be saved or used in a more effective way			
l.	How gene technology prevent diseases /базисни/			
m.	Very recent inventions and discoveries in science and technology			
n.	Nanotechnology and its uses			
Othe	r :	-	-	•

## 3. Do you have any knowledge about nanotechnology? YES NO

If ye	If yes, which of the curriculum topics are related with nanotechnology?		NO	NOT SURE
a.	Chemicals, their properties and how they react			
b.	Parts of human body and how the systems work			
c.	Structure of DNA, genetic studies, heredity and how genes influence how we develop reproduction in humans			
d.	How plants and animals grow and reproduce			
e.	How people, animals, plants and the environment depend on each other			
f.	Atom, molecules and chemical bonding			
g.	Light and its nature			
h.	Radioactivity and its effects			
i.	The nature of sound and its properties			
j.	Velocity and the relationship between velocity, time and road			
k.	The structure of cell, mitosis and meiosis			
l.	Simple machines and how they ease our lives			
m.	Electricity and its properties			
n.	Optics and how they are used in our daily lives			

0.	Structure of Earth and how earthquakes happen		
p.	Clouds, rain and the weather		
r.	Sustainable energy and its sources		
S.	heat and temperature		
t.	Technology and its interaction with science		
Othe	r:		

4.	Which science topics do you think that should be supported with experiments for a meaningful and
perr	manent learning?

### 5. Science education should involve the following;

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree
a.	Make pupils aware of the unlimited aspects of science			
b.	Be able to use scientific equipment skillfully			
c.	Be able to demonstrate experiments			
d.	Use information technology			
e.	Expect pupils to use the proper terminology correctly			
f.	Link new science learning to everyday experiences			
g.	Help pupils to understand the importance of science in modern business applications			
h.	Encourage pupils to try out their own ideas in experiments			
i.	Teach pupils to understand science concepts			
j.	Frequently revise previous learning			
k.	Show how classroom learning relates to phenomena in outside world and everyday life			
I.	Explain to pupils how to use the scientific knowledge and why their science activity is important,			
m.	Help pupils become aware of the benefits and misuses of science			
n.	Relate each new idea (concept) to ones the pupils have already learnt			
0.	Use visits to industry to support science learning			
p.	Use field trips to support science learning			

u. Othe	and nano-level to be added to every learning unit		
t.	talks at the last 10 minutes of learning unit  Offer short reports on modern achievements in science at the micro-		
S.	Enable the pupils to integrate with everyday lives and problems of global importance, scientific/technological achievements  Raise awareness related to the nanotechnology by introducing short		
r.	Develop a personal interest in science (e.g. find new and exciting scientific topics to enrich their understanding of new horizons)		

### 6. The most effective ways to teach a particular scientific topic in a modern way generally would be:

	1	2	3	4
	Disagree	Doubtful	Agree	Strongly
		about		agree
		it		
Formal lessons				
Reading textbooks				
Watching clips and				
documentaries				
Interactive computer based				
tools				
Direct experiments using				
measuring equipment				
Pre-recorded or filmed				
experiments with				
explanations				
Less structured experiments				
Other (please specify)				

## 7. Please, rate the importance of the following tools for an online virtual lab:

	1 Disagree	2 Doubtful about it	3 Agree	4 Strongly agree
Texts				
Images				

Video		
Simulations		
Interactive simulations		
Dragoduras to cormunit		
Procedures to carry out		
experiments with the students		
Resource library		
Other (please specify)		

### 8. What type of lab approach you prefer?

	1	2	3	4
	Disagree	Doubtful	Agree	Strongly
		about it		agree
Cook-book type laboratory activities (step-by step				
instructions) to verify scientific facts.				
Inquiry-based laboratory activities (students decide				
how to conduct the activity, and have to explore in				
order to figure out how the world works).				

## 9. What do you think that the appropriate activities in a laboratory would be;

	1	2	3	4
	Disagree	Doubtful	Agree	Strongly
		about it		agree
Students should get involved with scientifically oriented				
questions.				
Students should have (be provided with) the ability to				
determine what data allows them to develop and				
evaluate scientific explanations.				
Students should have (be provided with) the ability to				
formulate their own explanations from the evidence				
they have obtained.				
Students should have (be provided with) the ability to				
expand upon their findings and relate those findings to				
similar situations.				
Students should have (be provided with) the ability to				
communicate their experimental findings to others in				
class via written laboratory reports.				
Students should be able to have access to experiments				
on-line which cannot be done in a laboratory				

#### 10. If you were to create your own laboratory, the students should be able to:

	1	2	3	4
	Disagree	Doubtful	Agree	Strongly agree
		about it		
Make observations.				
Pose questions.				
Have access to an e-Library (other sources				
of information).				
Plan investigations.				
Reviewing what is already known in light of				
experimental evidence.				
Use (virtual) tools to gather, analyze and				
interpret data.				
Propose answers, explanations, and				
predictions.				
Communicate the results.				
Identify assumptions.				
Use critical and logical thinking.				
Consider alternative explanations.				

11. How w	ell are you able to man	age with using ICT tools	for teaching Science to	opics?
	O poor	O average	O good	O excellent
12. To wha	t extent do you implem	nent ready-made ICT to	ols for teaching Science	e topics?
	O never	O sometimes	O often	O always
☐ To let☐ To pro☐ To ve	students understand the ovide students with nan rify hypothesis, theories	lano-Tech experiments ne core aspects of the na o-tech examples s or models from nano-t tion for learning nano-to	ano-technology echnology area	he use of ICT?
	` '	•		experiments in your lessons?
☐ PowerP	oint Presentations	Digital Images	Video clips	Virtual Experiments
Other	, please specify			

# 15. Evaluate (on a scale from 1 to 4) how important are ICT tools to you for the purpose of promoting an inquiry based/creative learning environment in Science teaching?

a) as a method to explain the "Inquiry Based Science Education" concept	1	2	3	4
b) as a way for better planning of an experiment	1	2	3	4
c) as a channel for guiding students to explain scientific aspects and propose hypothesis for investigation	1	2	3	4
d) as a method to enhance creativity in teaching and learning process	1	2	3	4

(Scale: 1 – not at all; 2 – very little; 3 – to some extent; 4 – to great extent)

#### 16. Evaluate (on a scale from 1 to 4) how do you consider collaboration using ICT for teaching Science/Nano-Tech topics?

a) as a method to increase students' motivation		2	3	4
b) as a method to make learning content more attractive (by using virtual environments and multimedia tools)	1	2	3	4
c) as a way to make students more emotional ??? (by connecting them)		2	3	4
d) as a method to promote creativity based on collaborative work	1	2	3	4

(Scale: 1 – not at all; 2 – very little; 3 – to some extent; 4 – to great extent)

Where do you find good examples of Science experiments, appropriate to be presented in the classroom?  From real life  From Internet (WWW Space), please specify some sources:
From educational CDs/DVDs, please name some titles:
They are produced by myself, please provide further details: